

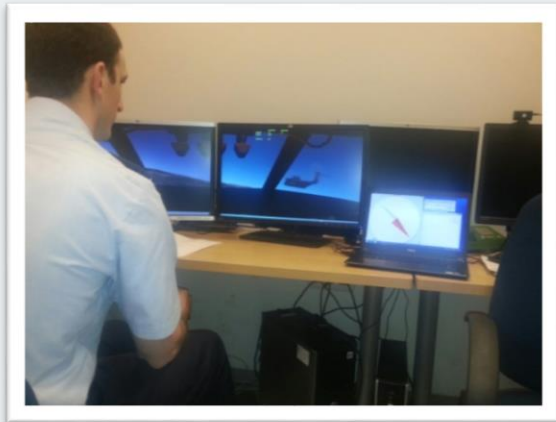
# Deconfliction & Separation Management

Air Traffic Separation and  
Collision Avoidance

*Ciconia*

# Safe separation for the UTM

**Ciconia deals with Deconfliction & Safe Separation  
for “low & slow” since 2011 with the C&CAS:  
“Control & Collision Avoidance System”**



# Safe separation for the UTM -

## New standards & terminology required:

### Examples:

- 'Street roof' altitude
- Max speed between buildings: horizontal, vertical
- Maximum density of air traffic in a given volume
- Minimum DbP (Distance between Platforms)
- Minimum TtC (Time to Collision) between platforms
- Speed control

# New standards & terminology required:

## 'Street Roof' Altitude:

- Only vertical speed below street roof?
- Stop before climbing over street roof?



- Setting 'street roof':



# New standards & terminology required:

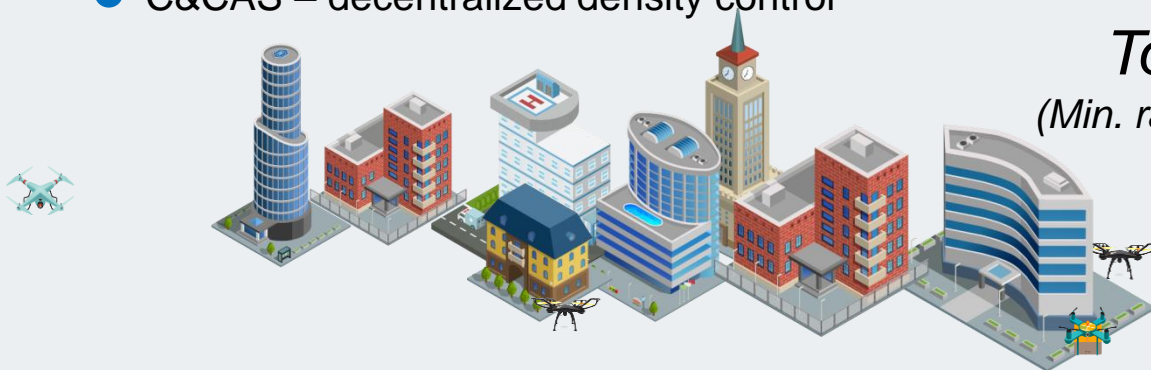
‘Density limit’ - Maximum platforms in a given air volume:

- Set by regulator
- Enforced by:
  - Strategic level while allocating air space to users
  - C&CAS – decentralized density control



*Too crowded!*

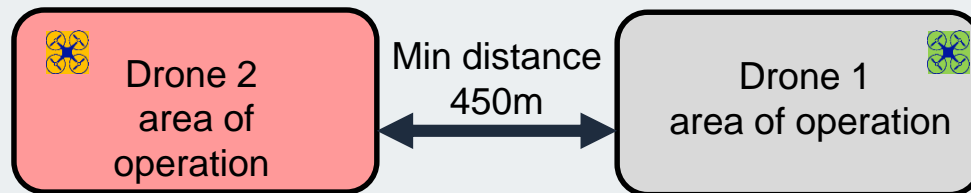
*(Min. range limit maintained)*



# New standards & terminology required:

## Separation between platforms:

- Minimum DbP (Distance between Platforms)



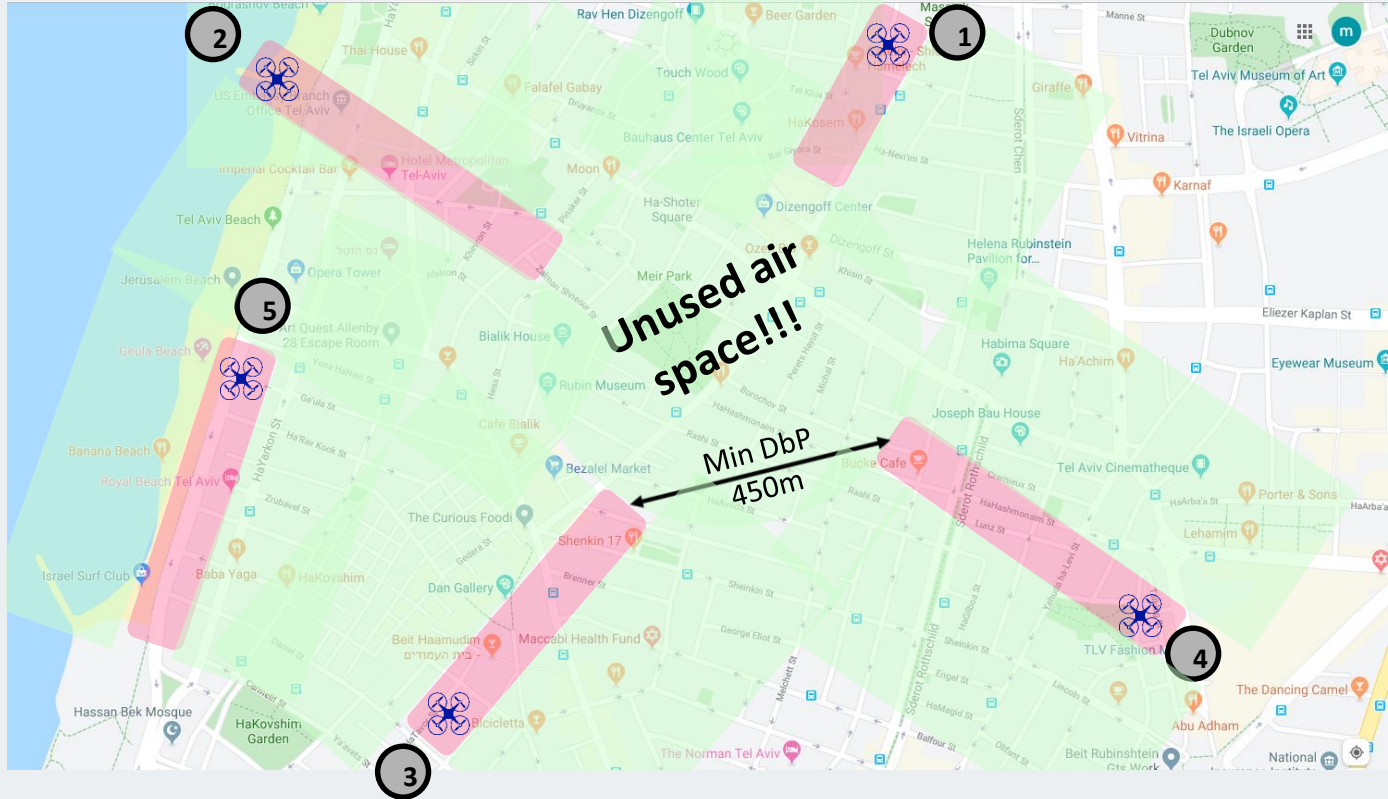
- Minimum TtC (Time to Collision) between platforms

Drone 1 max speed = 15m/s  $\longrightarrow$  TtC = 15sec.  $\longleftarrow$  Drone 2 max speed = 15m/s

$$\frac{45\text{m}}{(15\text{m/s} + 15\text{m/s})} = 15\text{sec.}$$

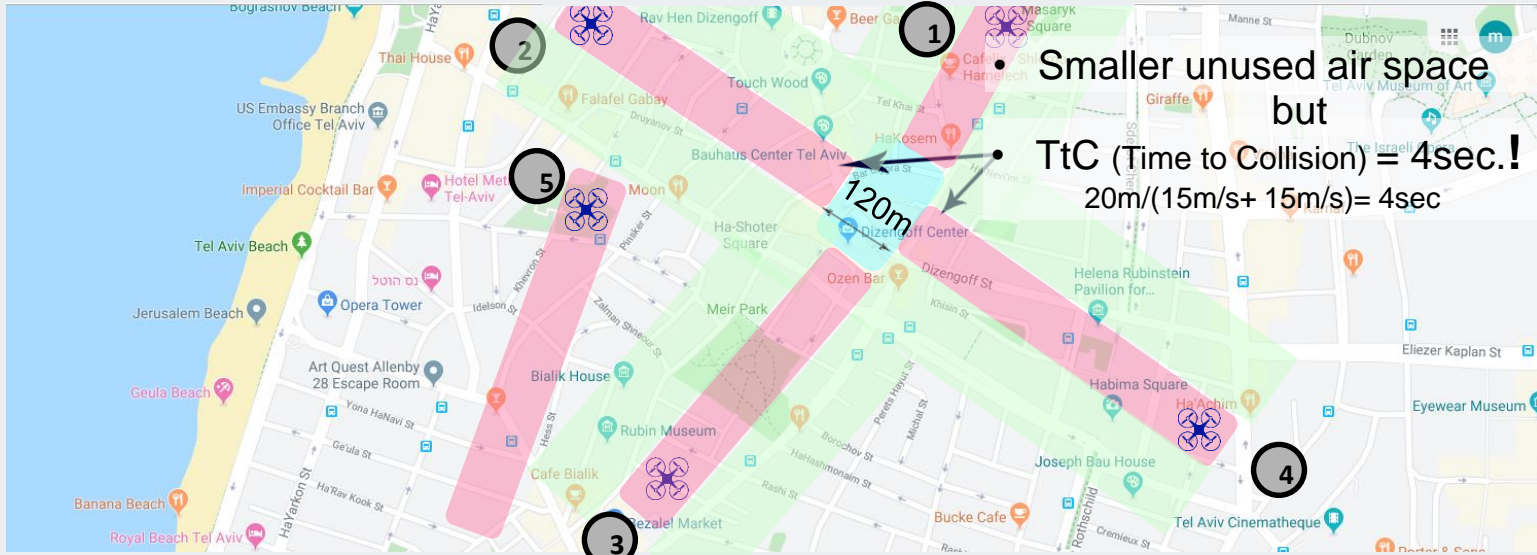
# Test case 1:

5 drones operating in 5 areas  
Min DbP (Distance between Platforms) > 450m  
Min TtC (time to Collision) >= 15 sec.



# Test case 2:

5 drones operating in 5 areas  
Min DbP (Distance between Platforms) > 120m  
Min TtC (time to Collision) >= 15 sec.



To maintain TtC >= 15sec.,  
Drones 2 & 4 must slow to 4m/sec  
[ $120m / (4m/s + 4m/s) = 15sec$ ]



# Test case 2:

5 drones operating in 5 areas  
Min DbP (Distance between Platforms) > 120m  
Min TtC (time to Collision) >= 15 sec.



Who will slow the drones in real time?

C&CAS – decentralized density control

# Safe separation for the UTM – new standards & terminology required:

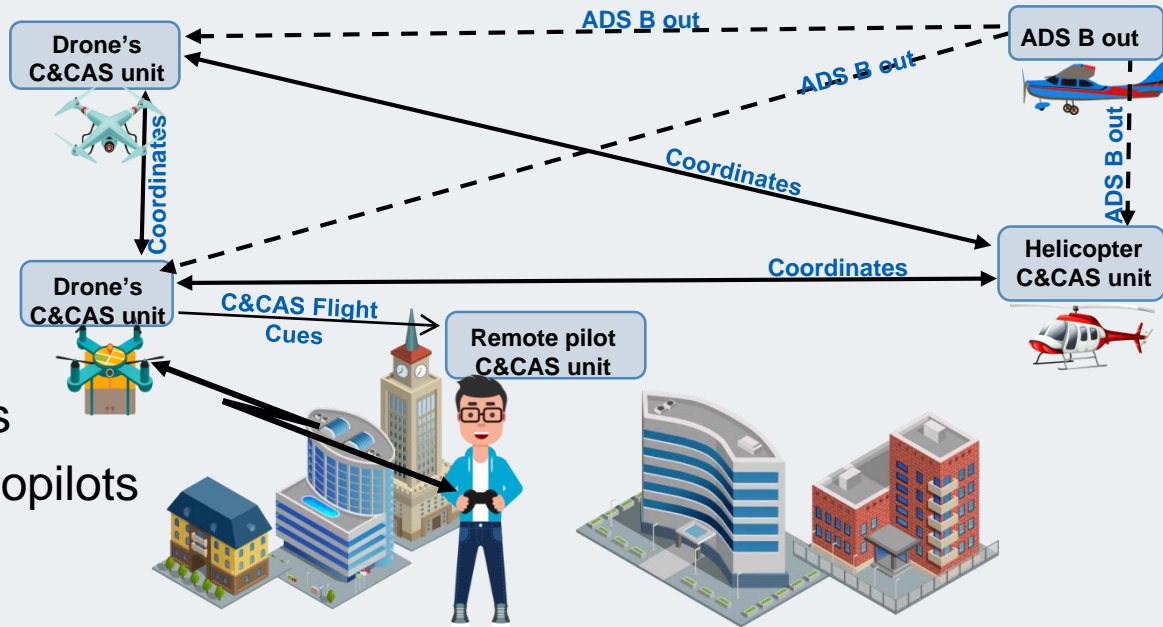
## Ciconia decentralized C&CAS:

- Monitors constantly at the vehicle level:
  - DbP (Distance between Platforms)
  - TtC (Time to Collision)
  - RoC (Rate of Closure)
  - Traffic density
- Informs operators of potential separation violation
- Displays steering commands to pilots; onboard & remote
- Takes control over autopilot to avoid separation violation

# Enforcement of separation limits

## Ciconia's decentralized C&CAS (Control & Collision Avoidance)

- A V2V network (remote ID?)
- ADS-B In data



## C&CAS introduces:

- Flight cues to human pilots
- Steering commands to autopilots

A vertical bar on the left side of the slide, composed of four segments: a light blue segment at the top, a medium blue segment, a dark blue segment, and a grey segment at the bottom.

# Conclusion

- New terminology & limits required ('street roof', 'traffic density', etc.)
- As sophisticated as the ATM may be, there will be midair traffic conflicts!
- Decentralized monitoring & enforcement is the only way to ensure safety of flight and efficient use of airspace

A vertical bar on the left side of the slide, composed of three segments: a light blue top segment, a medium blue middle segment, and a grey bottom segment.

## Conclusion (Cont.)

Ciconia's C&CAS has been proven in flight tests

Decentralized C&CAS will allow **more traffic** while keeping highest **safety** standards

**Thank you!**